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ZM3487 0724 Supersedes

MAIL TO: P.O. BOX 16347 • Louisville, KY 40256-0347 SHIP TO: 3649 Cane Run Road • Louisville, KY 40211-1961 Tel: (502) 778-2731 • 1 (800) 928-PUMP

Visit our website:

Product information presented here reflects conditions at time of publication. Consult factory regarding discrepancies or inconsistencies.

OWNER'S MANUAL



X72 HD HAZARDOUS LOCATION CLASS I, DIVISION 1, GROUPS C & D CLASS I, ZONE 1, GROUPS IIA & IIB

Congratulations on the purchase of the Zoeller X72 HD Series submersible pump. This pump has been constructed in compliance with cCSAus testing. These requirements enable the unit to be listed as an explosion proof pump rated for use in Class I, Division 1, Groups C & D Class I, Zone 1, Groups IIA & IIB locations and are tested to FM stardard 3600 and 3615. Zoeller pumps are designed for pumping sanitary sewage from submersible lift stations. Since 1939 the name Zoeller has represented the standard for submersible dewatering and sewage pumps. The same high quality workmanship and easy maintenance design has been incorporated into this line of heavy-duty solids-handling submersible sewage pumps. This Zoeller pump will provide years of trouble-free service when installed according to the manufacturers' recommendations.

This manual incorporates the installation, operation, maintenance, and service instructions into one document to aid in the ownership of a Zoeller submersible solids handling product. Please read and review this manual before installing the product. Follow the steps and procedures listed on ZM1074 for a proper start-up and warranty protection. Many items contained within, when followed correctly, will not only ensure a long and problem-free life for the pump, but also save time and money during installation. Should further assistance be necessary please call our Technical Service Department at 1-800-928-PUMP (7867).

Table of Contents Safety Instructions......1 Limited Warranty..... Typical Dewatering Installation4 Typical Sewage Installation4 Pump Wiring Instructions5-6 Service Checklist

Owner's Information						
Model Number: Date Code:						
Serial Number: Pump 1	Pump 2					
□ Simplex □ Panel P/N						
□ Duplex □ Rail System P	/N					
Job Name:						
Distributor:						
Sales Order Number:						
Contractor:						
Date of Installation:						
System Readings During Operation: Voltage Amps						

Safety Instructions

TO AVOID SERIOUS OR FATAL PERSONAL INJURY OR MAJOR PROPERTY DAMAGE. READ AND FOLLOW ALL SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS IN THIS MANUAL AND ON THE PUMP.

THIS MANUAL IS INTENDED TO ASSIST IN THE INSTALLATION AND OPERATION OF THIS UNIT AND MUST BE KEPT WITH THE PUMP.



This is a SAFETY ALERT SYMBOL.

When you see this symbol on the pump or in the manual, look for one of the following signal words and be alert to the potential for personal injury or property damage.

▲ DANGER

Warns of hazards that WILL cause serious personal injury, death or major property damage.

▲ WARNING

Warns of hazards that CAN cause serious personal injury, death or major property damage.

▲ CAUTION

Warns of hazards that CAN cause personal injury or property damage.

INDICATES SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS WHICH ARE

A NOTICE VERY IMPORTANT AND MUST BE FOLLOWED.

THOROUGHLY REVIEW ALL INSTRUCTIONS AND WARNINGS PRIOR TO PERFORMING ANY WORK ON THIS PUMP.

MAINTAIN ALL SAFETY DECALS.

REFER TO WARRANTY ON PAGE 2.

Limited Warranty

The Zoeller Engineered Products warrants its X72 HD Series of submersible pumps to the original owner to be free from defects in workmanship and materials under the following conditions and limitations by the owner paying the applicable percentage of the list price of the following parts in effect at time of replacement in the specified *installations.

Conditions

- Approval of installation and start up of the equipment by the Zoeller Authorized Factory Representative
- Pump removal, reinstallation and transportation charges shall be borne by the owner.
- Warranty repairs shall be conducted by an Authorized Warranty Service Center (ASWC) only. Any pump repair labor charges done after the warranty period will be borne by the owner.
- 4. Hazardous Location Series pumps have special repair procedures. Contact Zoeller.
- 5. Controls and accessories warranty (See specific warranty below).

STANDARD WARRANTY

Standard warranty shall be 18 months from date of manufacture, 12 months from date of purchase or 12 months from the date of start-up with a start-up report on file with Zoeller. Failure to have this start-up report on file with Zoeller will void this warranty.

*MUNICIPAL SEWAGE PERMANENT INSTALLATION

Five Year (10,000 hr) Months After Shipment - Limited Warranty

MONTHS HOURS	0-18 0-3,000	19-30 3,000-5,000	30-45 5,000-7,500	46-60 7,500-10,000
Rotor & Stator Mechanical Se Impeller Wear Rings Ball Bearings	0% 0% 0%	30% 30% 30% 50% 50%	50% 50% 50% 80% 80%	80% 75% 80% 100% 100%
Pump Housing	0%	30%	50%	100%

Controls and accessories included for 18 months.

*AGRICULTURAL/FOOD PROCESSING AND PERMANENT INDUSTRIAL INSTALLATIONS CONTAINING LIMITED QUANTITIES (5% BY VOLUME) OF WASTE OR ABRASIVES AND PERMANENT INDUSTRIAL INSTALLATIONS

15 Months After Shipment - Limited Warranty

MONTHS	0-9	9-15
Rotor & Stator Mechanical Seal	0% 25%	50% 50%
Impeller	25%	50%
Wear Rings Ball Bearings	25% 0%	50% 50%
Pump Housing	25%	50%

Controls and accessories included for nine months.

*CONSTRUCTION/MINING - OTHER PORTABLE INSTALLATIONS

Nine Months After Shipment - Limited Warranty

MONTHS	0-9
Rotor & Stator Mechanical Seal Wear Rings Ball Bearings Pump Housing	0% 25% 25% 0% 25%

Controls and accessories included for nine months.

Limited Repair Warranty At An Authorized Service Station

Beginning on the date of repair, the term of the repair warranty shall be the longer of the unexpired original warranty term or 30 days.

Limited Replacement Parts Warranty - 30 Days After Purchased

In instances where property damages are incurred as a result of an alleged product failure, the property owner must retain possession of the product for investigation purpose.

Limitations

Zoeller Engineered Products' sole obligation under all the above warranties shall be to make repairs and to replace parts when necessary on products that have been returned to Zoeller Engineered Products or an authorized service facility and found to be defective by the company. Part(s) that fail and that inspection determines to be defective in material orworkmanship, will be repaired, replaced, or remanufactured at Zoeller Engineered Product's option provided, however, that by so doing we shall not be obligated to replace an entire assembly, the entire mechanism, or the complete unit. Major components and controls not manufactured by the company are covered by the original manufacturer warranty in lieu of this warranty. This warranty shall not apply to any product or part of a product, including pumps, controls, lifting devices, basins, and power cables which are damaged or subject to misuse, accident, neglect, operated outside the limits of the pump curves, used in a manner contrary to the printed instruction, or damaged due to a defective power supply, improper electrical protection, or faulty installation or repair.

The company will not be responsible for travel expenses, rented equipment, outside contractor fees, or unauthorized repair shop expenses. No allowance will be made for shipping charges, damages, labor or other charges that may occur due to product failure, repair, or replacement.

This warranty does not apply to any material that has been disassembled without prior approval of Zoeller Engineered Products, subjected to misuse, misapplication, neglect, alternation, accident or act of God; that has not been installed in accordance with Zoeller Engineered Products installation instructions; that has been exposed to but not limited to hydrocarbons, hydrocarbon derivatives (oil, gasoline, solvents, etc.) or other abrasive or corrosive substances, is in lieu of

all other warranties expressed or implied.

Contact authorized service station to obtain any needed repair replacement parts. For additional information pertaining to our warranty or if service cannot be obtained locally, contact Zoeller Engineered Products, 3649 Cane Run Road, Louisville, Kentucky 40211-1961, Attn: Customer Service.

ZOELLER ENGINEERED PRODUCTS EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMS LIABILITY FOR SPECIAL, CONSEQUENTIAL, OR INCIDENTAL DAMAGES OR BREACH OR EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED WARRANTY; AND ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND OF MERCHANTABILITY SHALL BE LIMITED TO THE DURATION OF THE EXPRESSED WARRANTY.

Some states do not allow limitation on the duration of an implied warranty, so the above limitation may not apply to you. Some states do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, so the above limitation or exclusion may not apply to you.

This warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights which vary from state to state.

Zoeller Engineered Products neither assumes nor authorizes any person or company to assume for it any other obligation in connection with the sale of its equipment. Any enlargement or modification of this warranty by any other party is their sole responsibility. No other warranties expressed or implied, including implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose will apply.

Preinstallation Information

- 1. Inspect your pump. Occasionally, products are damaged during shipment. If the unit is damaged, contact your dealer before using. Remove threaded cord protector, if present, prior to installation. DO NOT remove the test plugs in the cover nor the motor housing.
- 2. Carefully read the literature provided to familiarize yourself with specific details regarding installation and use. These materials should be retained for future reference.





SEE BELOW FOR LIST OF WARNINGS



SEE BELOW FOR LIST OF CAUTIONS

- Do not lift, carry, or hang pump by the electrical cables. Damage to the electrical cables can cause shock, burns or death.
- Make sure there is a properly grounded connection available. All pumps are furnished with provisions for proper grounding to help protect you against the possibility of electrical shock.
- 3. Make certain that the control box is within the reach of the pump's power supply cord. DO NOT USE AN EXTENSION CORD. Extension cords that are too long or too light do not deliver sufficient voltage to the pump motor. But, more important, they could present a safety hazard if the insulation were to become damaged or the connection end were to fall into the sump.
- 4. Make sure the pump electrical supply circuit is equipped with fuses and disconnect or circuit breakers of proper capacity. A separate branch circuit is recommended, sized according to the "National Electrical Code" for the current shown on the pump nameplate.
- Care should be taken during the initial installation to be sure that adequate air supply is available whenever any person is in the basin. Always follow OSHA guidelines on confined space requirements.
- Risk of electric shock These pumps have not been investigated for use in swimming pool areas.

NOTE: cCSAus Certified pumps are certified to CSA Standard C22.2 No. 145. Tested to FM Standards 3600 & 3615 by CSA.

- Check to be sure your power source is capable of handling the voltage requirements of the motor, as indicated on the pump nameplate.
- 2. The installation of pumps using auxiliary variable level float switches is the responsibility of the installing party and care should be taken that the tethered float switch will not hang up on the pump apparatus or pit peculiarities and is secured so that the pump will shut off. It is recommended that rigid piping and fittings be used and the pit be 36" or larger in diameter. Remove threaded cord protector, if present, prior to installation.
- . INFORMATION VENT HOLE PURPOSE. It is necessary that all submersible pumps capable of handling various sizes of solid waste be of the bottom intake design to reduce clogging and seal failures. If a check valve is incorporated in the installation, a vent hole (approx. 3/16") must be drilled in the discharge pipe below the check valve and pit cover to purge the unit of trapped air. Water stream will be visible from this hole during pump run periods. This vent hole should be checked periodically for clogging and cleaned as necessary. Trapped air is caused by agitation and/or a dry basin.
- 4. Water hammer creates momentary high pressure surges. These surges can cause severe damage to check valves and the piping system. Consideration for water hammer must be included in the piping system design. Reference ASPE Data Book, Chapter 2.33. Some systems may require external spring or lever weighted check valves or other engineered solutions.
- Three phase pumps must be connected for proper rotation, which is counterclockwise looking into impeller inlet. See page 5 for instructions for checking 3 phase rotation.

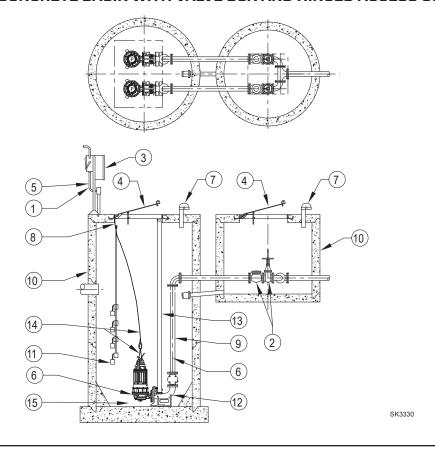
Electrical Data

	I KHP I _	0					Amps			L/VA	Winding												
Model		Service Factor	_	I _	I _	I -	I _	l _	I _	I _	_	_	_	I _	RPM	Voltage	Phase	Hertz	Full Load	In Air	Shut Off	Locked Rotor	KVA Code
JX7212	10	1.2	3450	200	3	60	48.3	15.3	29	318	J	0.21											
FX7212	10	1.2	3450	230	3	60	42	14.4	7	294	J	0.25											
GX7212	10	1.2	3450	460	3	60	21	7.2	14	148	J	1.4											
JX7213	15	1.0	3450	200	3	60	62.1	15.3	38	318	J	0.21											
FX7213	15	1.0	3450	230	3	60	54	14.4	9.3	294	J	0.25											
GX7213	15	1.0	3450	460	3	60	27	7.2	18.5	148	J	1.4											

Typical Sewage/Waste Pumping System Installation

All installations must comply with all applicable electrical and plumbing codes, including, but not limited to, National Electrical Code, local, regional, and/or state plumbing codes, etc.

TYPICAL OUTDOOR CONCRETE BASIN WITH VALVE BOX AND HINGED ACCESS COVERS



- (1) Electrical wiring and protection must be in accordance with the National Electrical Code per NEC articles 500 through 503 for installation in Class I, Division 1, Group C & D Group C & D Class I, Zone 1, Groups IIA & IIB locations, and any other applicable state and local electrical requirements.
- (2) Install proper full flow check and shut-off valve.
- (3) Install proper controls. (Outdoor panels require NEMA 3R or 4X enclosure). Intrinsically safe level sensors are required.
- (4) All installations require a basin cover to prevent debris from falling into the basin and to prevent accidental injury.
- (5) Cords must be properly sealed per NEC articles 500 through 503 for installation in Class I, Division 1, Group C & D Group C & D Class I, Zone 1, Groups IIA & IIB locations, to prevent moisture and gases from entering the control panel.
- (6) When check valve is installed, drill a 3/16" diameter hole in the discharge pipe below the check valve even with the top of the pump. NOTE: The hole must be below the basin cover and cleaned periodically. Water stream will be visible from this hole during pump run periods. Also a vent hole is drilled in the pump housing. Be sure that this hole is cleared during any servicing.
- (7) Vent gases and odors to the atmosphere through vent pipe per Local and State codes.

- (8) Secure power cord to avoid entanglement with variable level float switch mechanism.
- (9) Do not reduce pump discharge pipe below 4" IPS size.
- (10) Basin must be in accordance with all applicable codes and specifications. Basin must be sized to allow a minimum 3 minute lapse time between starts.
- (11) Pump must be level and the tethered variable level float switch must be free and not hang up on pump or pit peculiarities.
- (12) If a rail system is used, it should be non-sparking. Discharge elbow must be firmly anchored to the bottom of basin. In fiberglass basin, the bottom will need to be reinforced if the discharge elbow is used.
- (13) If a rail system is used, it should be non-sparking. The guide rails are schedule 40 pipe. Brass, stainless steel or galvanized steel is recommended.
- (14) Install choker and cable for lifting pump from pit.
- (15) Basin must be clean and free of debris after installation.
- (16) Cords must be properly sealed to prevent moisture and gases from entering the control panel.

Pump Wiring Instructions





Installation and checking of electrical circuits and hardware should be performed by a qualified licensed electrician.

"Risk of electrical shock" Do not remove power supply cord and strain relief or connect conduit directly to the pump.

Power cords, sensor cords, and float cords all must be sealed to prevent gases from the basin entering the control panel.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR CHECKING ROTATION OF THREE PHASE UNITS

It is very important that these units be connected for proper rotation. Since no rotating parts are visible without removing the pump from the pit, the rotation on 3 phase units should be checked before installation into the pit as follows:

After the proper electrical connections are made, momentarily energize the pump observing the direction of kick back due to starting torque. The rotation is correct if the kick back is in the opposite direction of the rotation arrow. If the rotation is not correct, disconnect power and switch any two power leads. Turn power back on and retest for proper rotation.

SENSOR CABLE

The sensor cable is the smaller cable, which contains 5 wires. The red and orange wires connect to the thermal cut-out circuit and the black and white wires connect to the seal leak probes. The green wire is a ground connection. All 5 wires must terminate in the control panel.

The following should be noted:

- (1) The thermal sensors are normally closed and mounted adjacent to the motor windings. If internal temperatures exceed a maximum limit, the pump will deactivate when the red and orange wires are connected in series to the control coil of the motor starter circuit. The pump is able to restart once the motor cools down. Continued deactivation of this circuit requires the attention from maintenance personnel.
- (2) The black and white seal leak wires are connected to a 330K ohm circuit in the seal cavity, where 2 seal leak probes are housed. An indicator light will activate whenever water is present in the cavity. Whenever the seal leak light is activated, indicating that the lower seal has failed, the pump should be removed and serviced in order to avoid damage to the motor.
- (3) The green wire shall be connected to a ground lug in the panel.

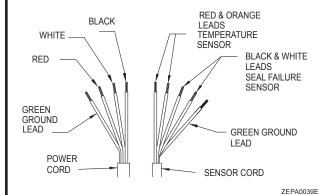
CONTROL PANELS

These pumps require a control panel. The control panel rarely requires an explosion proof rating since it is usually located outside the hazardous area. A motor starter circuit, control circuit, and alarm circuit within the panel are standard features. Outdoor enclosure ratings and alternating relays are often required. Variable level float switches are the most common level sensing device.

The following should be noted:

- (1) Float switch connections must be intrinsically safe.
- (2) Single phase units have externally mounted capacitors and starting relays. Your control panel should have provisions for mounting these starting components.
- (3) The seal failure sensor and thermal sensor protection shall be incorporated into the panel.
- (4) All pumps require overload protection in panel. Use with approved motor control that matches motor input in full load amperes with overload element(s) selected or adjusted in accordance with control instructions.
- (5) Hazardous Location pumps require panels that offer intrinsically safe relays and all other NEC requirements must be followed (See Article 500,501, 502 & 503 plus any others that apply.)

POWER AND SENSOR CORD, LEAD IDENTIFICATION



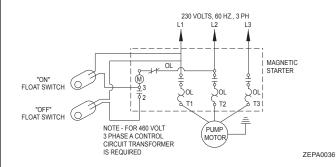
"X72 HD SERIES" FOUR CONDUCTOR AWG. POWER CORD SIZE						
Model	HP	200/3 PH	230/ 3 PH	460/ 3 PH		
X7212	10	4	4	8		
X7213	15	4	4	8		
APPROXIMATE CORD DIAMETER PER GAUGE						
12/4 AWG .64"						
8/4 AWG .93"						
4/4 AWG 1.35"						
NOTE: SENSOR CORD 18/5 AWG. APPROXIMATLEY .44" DIAMETER						

Three Phase Installation

Three phase pumps are nonautomatic. To operate automatically, a control panel is required. Follow the instructions provided with the panel to wire the system.

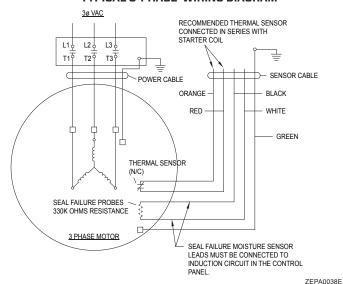
Before installing a pump, check the pump rotation to insure that wiring has been connected properly to power source, and that the green lead of power cord (See wiring diagram), is connected to a valid ground, Momentarily energize the pump, observing the directions of kick back due to starting torque. Rotation is correct if kick back is in the opposite direction of rotation arrow on the pump casing. If rotation is not correct, switching of any two power leads other than ground, should provide the proper rotation.

TYPICAL WIRING DIAGRAM



The above wiring diagram shows a typical hookup for a 230 volt, 3 phase pump, two variable level float switches, and a magnetic starter. It is not intended that this diagram cover all applications. See wiring diagram supplied with specific electrical controllers and panels.

TYPICAL 3-PHASE WIRING DIAGRAM



 $Refer to\,Sensor\,and\,Control\,Panel\,sections\,on\,page\,5.$

NOTE 1: Optional sensor cable includes 5 leads; 2 leads for thermal sensor, 2 leads for moisture sensor, and a green ground lead. If one sensor only is specified, both sensors are provided and must be hooked up to validate warranty. The sensors must be specified at time of initial pump order and are not available for field installation. Sensor wire colors are as shown.

Operation

GENERAL

Zoeller pumps are lubricated and tested at the factory prior to shipment and require minimum pre-start-up maintenance.

Maximum liquid temperature of a continuous operating pump liquid for this model pump must not exceed 104 °F (40 °C). For longest service life all pumps should be totally submerged on long pumping cycles. Maximum submerged depth is 50'.

These units are not designed to handle liquids other than water or sewage. If pump is used in water contaminated with heavy, viscous, or abrasive materials, the warranty will be voided.

NAMEPLATE DATA

The nameplate, located on the top of pump, indicates specific information about the construction of the pump. The model number, date code, and serial number information should be recorded on the front page in the "Owner's Information" section of this manual.





If the pump is repaired in the field, its explosion proof rating may be voided.

SHORT TERM STORAGE

If pump is to be stored, the following is advised:

- Store pump inside whenever possible or cover with some type of protective covering.
- Tape or seal in plastic bag the terminal ends of wire leads.
- Pump is to be stored in an upright position. Seal leaks that occur in storage to a pump laying on its side will not be repaired under warranty.
- The impeller should be rotated every six months in order to keep the seals lubricated and not develop a permanent set.

If panel is to be stored, the following is advised:

- Store the panel inside whenever possible and leave in the shipping box.
- · All openings shall be sealed.
- Store in an upright position.
- · Do not stack anything on top of panel.

START-UP PROCEDURE

Before placing the equipment into operation the following should be checked:

- · Correct pump rotation (3 Phase units only).
- Clean pit.
- · Panel dry, securely installed and properly sealed.
- · Floats positioned properly.
- Discharge valves open.
- 3/16" vent hole drilled in pipe between check valve and pump.

Once the above has been verified proceed with the following checks:

- Pump power cables properly connected to panel.
- Float cables properly connected in an intrinsically safe panel.
- · Conduit connections to panel are properly sealed.
- Thermal overload adjustments made in the panel.
- After installing the pump into the containment area, with adequate submergence, open the discharge valve fully. Start the unit using manual controls.
 If flow is appreciably less than rated performance, pump may be air locked.
 To expel trapped air, jog the unit several times, using the manual controls.
- Have a qualified electrician take voltage and current measurements on the black wire of single phase or all three power wires of three phase with the pump running. Record these readings in the space provided in the "Owner's Information" section on page 1 of this manual for future reference.

After the preoperational functional test has been completed, system is ready for operation. Zoeller requires completing a Start-up Report (ZM1074) whenever a system is started for the first time or after a system has had a significant change take place (i.e. pump replacement, overhaul, etc..). A copy of the Start-up Report should remain with the system for future reference.

ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURE

Pumps: No adjustments are required other than assuring correct rotation.

Panels: The thermal overloads in the panel must be set to the F.L.A. rating on the pump nameplate (or refer to pump data sheet).

Floats: Refer to the system drawing for desired location of each float function.

Valves: Discharge valves should be placed in the fully open position. Systems should not be operated for extended periods of time with the discharge

valves partially closed due to damaging the valve.

SHUTDOWN PROCEDURES

If a system is shutdown for more than six months, the following is recommended:

Pumps: If pit is to remain dry, then the pump can remain in the pit. With the pump in the pit, it should be operated for five minutes once every three months. If the pit is to remain wet, the pump should be removed and

stored as noted above.

Panels: The panel should have all openings sealed to prevent moisture and dust from entering the enclosure. Prior to restarting system, the panel should be inspected for presence of moisture and any loose connections.

Valves: Consult the valve/actuator supplier for information concerning these

systems components.

Maintenance

A NOTICE Repair and service must be performed by a firm approved by Zoeller Company. The firm must be certified to work on explosion proof motors if motor housing, adapter or cord cap is repaired. Contact Zoeller Technical Service Department regarding warranty issues.

▲ NOTICE If repair to the motor housing, adapter or cord cap is disassembled or repaired by a firm not certified to work on explosion proof motors, the explosion proof rating is void and the cCSAus approval tag MUST BE REMOVED FROM THE PUMP.SAFETY PROCEDURES.

SAFETY PROCEDURES

▲ WARNING For your protection, always disconnect pump and panel from its power source before handling.

▲ WARNING Never enter the basin until it has been properly vented and tested. Any person entering a basin should be wearing a harness with safety rope extending to the surface so that they can be pulled out in case of asphyxiation. Sewage water gives off methane and hydrogen sulfide gases, both of which can be highly poisonous.

Installation and checking of electrical circuits and hardware should be performed by a qualified electrician.

Pump is never to be lifted by power cord.

▲ WARNING Unit must be flushed and disinfected, inside and out, prior to servicing.

GENERAL SYSTEM INSPECTION

Before the system is placed into operation, a system Start-up Report should be conducted by a qualified technician.

▲ WARNING Wiring and grounding must be in accordance with the national electrical code and all applicable local codes and ordinances.

LUBRICATION PROCEDURES

No lubrication is required.

If pumps are to be stored for more than six months, refer to short term storage procedure in the Operation section.

PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE

Preventive maintenance is recommended to ensure a long service life from the product. Provided is a suggested maintenance schedule.

Every month:

- Check for proper and unobstructed float operation.
- Listen for proper check valve operation.
- Duplex Units Check for even operating times. Uneven times indicate a defective unit, float switch or control.
- Inspect the panel for any presence of moisture in enclosure, loose connections, and general component condition, check out location and condition of float switches.

Every year:

In addition to the monthly checks, the basin should be inspected and cleaned.
 Any defective components should be replaced. Inspect and remove any sand, debris, or mud present in the pump basin assembly.

Every two years:

- Inspect power cables for damage or wear. Replace immediately if damage or wear is detected,
- Inspect impeller for damage or wear. Replace as required by a Zoeller Authorized Service Station.

DOUBLE SEAL PUMPS

 Double seal pumps offer extra protection. During every inspection of the unit, check the control panel seal failure for a warning. Whenever the seal leak is activated, indicating that the lower seal has failed, the pump should be removed and serviced in order to avoid damage to the motor.

Service Checklist & Trouble Shooting



▲ WARNING ELECTRICAL PRECAUTIONS Before servicing a pump, always shut off the main power breaker to the panel and then disconnect the pump - making sure you are wearing insulated protective sole shoes and are not standing in water. Under flooded conditions, contact your local electric company or a qualified licensed electrician for disconnecting electrical service prior to pump removal.

CONDITION

A. Pump will not start or run.

Steps	Check Voltage At	If No Voltage	If Voltage Proceed to No. 2	
No. 1	Line terminals in pump's control panel L1 - L2 - L3 (3 Phase)	Check Disconnect switch, line fuse, and/or circuit breakers in power supply circuit.		
No. 2	Pump motor terminals in pump's control panel T1 - T2 - T3	Check for control circuit voltage. Check out magnetic starter contacts, thermal overloads, and float switches	Check starting relay and capacitor (1 phase units). Check pump for ground, and binding impeller	

R	Motor	overheats	and trins	overload	or h	nws fuse
υ.	IVIULUI	uvernears	anu uno	uvciivau	UI U	iuvva iuac.

COMMON CAUSES

- Incorrect Voltage
- Unbalanced power source
- Incorrect motor rotation
- Negative or low head
- Excessive water temperature
- Impeller or seal mechanically bound
- Defective capacitor or relay
- Motor shorted
- Lost one line in a Three Phase unit

C. Pumps starts and stops too often.

- Check valve stuck open
- Level controls out of adjustment
- Temperature sensor tripping
- Thermal overload switch out of adjustment or defective
- Pit too small

D. Pump will not shut off.

- Debris under float switch
- Float travel obstructed
- Defective or damaged float switch
- Magnetic starter contacts shorted
- Air lock check vent hole

E. Pump operates but delivers little or no water.

- Check for plugged Pump housing, discharge pipe or sticking check valve
- Vent hole clogged or not drilled
- Discharge head exceeds pumps capacity
- Low or incorrect voltage
- Incorrect motor rotation
- Defective capacitor

F. Drop in head and/or capacity after a period or use.

- Increase Pipe Friction
- Clogged line or check valve
- Abrasive material & chemical, deteriorated impeller and pump housing

If the above check list does not uncover the problem, consult the factory - Do not attempt to service or otherwise disassemble pump.